## 1. Details of Module and its structure

| Module Detail | Accountancy |
| :--- | :--- |
| Subject Name | Accountancy 01 (Class XI, Semester - 1) |
| Course Name | Bills of Exchange - Part 2 |
| Module Name/Title | Beac_10602 <br> Bosic knowledge of recording of business transaction in |
| Module Id | After going subsidiary books <br> understand the following : |
| Pre- Requisites | Entries in the books of Drawee <br> Entries relating to Dishonour, Noting charges, <br> Renewal of the bill of Exchange in the books of <br> drawer and drawee |
| Objectives | Bill of Exchange, Negotiable Instruments |
| Keywords |  |

## 2. Development Team

| Role | Name | Affiliation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
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## Table of Contents :

1. Introduction
2. Entries relating to Dishonour, Noting charges and Renewal of B/E in the books of drawer and drawee.

In the earlier module you learned about the parties to bill of exchange and the accoutnting entries in the book of drawer. This module will help you in recording journal entries in the books of drawee and also the journal entries relating to Dishonour, Noting charges and Renewal of bill of exchange in the books of drawer and drawee.

Journal entries in books of drawee:
(1) On purchase of goods:

Purchase a/c Dr.

To Creditors a/c
(2) When bill is accepted:

Creditors a/c Dr.

To Bills Payable a/c
(3) On Maturity of bill of exchange:

The Drawee will record only one entry :
Bills payable a/c
Dr.

To Cash/Bank a/c

This journal entry is applicable for all the following cases :
(i) Bills retained till maturity
(ii) Bills discounted by Bank
(iii) Bills endorsed to a third party
(iv) Bills sent for collection

## Example:

Amit sold goods for Rs.20,000 to Sumit on credit on January 01, 2017. Amit drew a bill of exchange upon Sumit for the same amount for three months. Sumit accepted the bill and returned it to Amit. Sumit met his acceptance on maturity. Record the necessary journal entries under the following circumstances in the book of dawer and drawee.
(i) Amit retained the bill till the date of its maturity and collected directly
(ii) Amit discounted the bill @ 12\% p.a from his bank
(iii) Amit endorsed the bill to his creditor Ankit
(iv) Amit retained the bill and on March, 312017 Amit sent the bill for collection to its bank. On April 05, 2017 bank advice was received.

## Solution

(i) When the bill was retained till its maturity.

| Books of Amit |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Sumit's A/c Dr. <br> To Sales A/c  <br> (Sold goods to Sumit on credit)  |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bills Receivables A/c Dr. To Sumit's A/c (Received Sumit's acceptance payable after three months) |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| April 05 | Bank's A/c Dr. To Bills Receivables A/c (Sumit met his acceptance on maturity) |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |

## (ii) When the bill was discounted from the book.

| Books of Amit |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Sumit's A/c Dr. <br> To Sales A/c  <br> (Sold goods to Sumit's)  |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bills Receivables A/c Dr. To Sumit's A/c (Received Sumit's acceptance payable three months) |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bank's A/c Dr. <br> Discount A/c Dr. <br> To Bills Receivables A/c  <br> (Sumit's acceptance discounted with the  <br> bank )  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 19,400 \\ 600 \end{array}$ | 20,000 |

(iii) When Amit endorsed the bill in favour of his creditor Ankit.

| Books of Amit |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Sumit's A/c Dr. <br> To Sales A/c  <br> (Sold goods to Sumit's on credit)  |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bills Receivables A/c Dr. To Sumit's A/c (Received Sumit's acceptance for three months) |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Ankit's A/c <br> To Bills Receivables A/c <br> (Sumit's acceptance endorsed in favour of Ankit ) |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |

(iv) When the bill was sent for collection by Amit to the bank.

| Books of Amit |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Debit <br> Amount | Credit <br> Amount |


| 2017 |  | (Rs.) | (Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan. 01 | Sumit's A/c Dr. <br> To Sales A/c  <br> (Sold goods to Sumit's on credit)  | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bills Receivables A/c Dr. $\quad$ To Sumit's A/c (Received Sumit's acceptance after three months) | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Mar. 31 | Bills Sent for Collection $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ <br> To Bills Receivables A/c <br> (Bills sent for collection) | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Apr. 05 |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |

The following journal entries will be made in the books of Sumit under all the four circumstances:

| In the books of Sumit |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Purchases A/c Dr. <br> To Amit A/c <br> (Purchase goods from Amit on credit) |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Amit's A/c <br> To Bill's Payable A/c <br> (Accepted bill drawn by Amit payable <br> after three months) |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Apr. 04 | Bills Payable A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Met acceptance maturity) Dr. |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |


| Books of Poonam |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Particulars |  | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Mar. 15 | Bills Receivable A/c Discount Allowed A/c | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dr. } \\ & \text { Dr. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 8,000 \\ 250 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |


|  | To Ramesh’s A/c (Ramesh endorsed Deepak's acceptance in our favour for discharge his dept of Rs. 8,250 in full settlement) |  | 8,250 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mar. 15 | Bank A/c Dr. <br> Discount Allowed A/c Dr. <br> To Bills Receivable A/c  <br> (Biils receivable encashed on maturity)  | $\begin{array}{r} 7,920 \\ 80 \end{array}$ | 8,000 |

## Dishonour of a Bill

A bill is said to have been dishonoured when the drawee fails to make the payment on the date of maturity. In this situation, liability of the acceptor is restored. Therefore, the entries made on the receipt of the bill should be reversed. For example, Anju received bill of exchange duly accepted by Manju, which was dishonoured. The entries of dishonour will be as follows in the books of Anju (receiver):

When the bill was kept by Anju with her till maturity
Manju's A/c
Dr.
To Bill Receivables A/c
When the bill had been endorsed by Anju in favour of Sandhya
Manju's A/c
Dr.
To Sandhaya's A/c
When the bill was discounted by Anju with his bank
Manju's A/c
Dr.
To Bank A/c
When the bill was sent for collection by Anju
Manju's A/c
Dr.
To Bill Sent for Collection A/c

On Jan 01, 2017 Shieba sold goods to Vishal for Rs. 10,000 and drew upon him a bill of exchange for 2 months. Vishal accepted the bill and returned it to Shieba. On the date of maturity the bill was dishonoured by Vishal. Record the necessary entries in all the cases listed below in the books of Shieba and Vishal:
(i) When the bill kept by Shieba till its maturity;
(ii) When the bill is discounted by Shieba for Rs. 200;
(iii) When the bill is endorsed to Lal Chand by Shieba.

## Solution

(i) When the bill was kept by Shieba till its maturity.

| Books of Shieba |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Vishal's A/c <br> To Sales A/c <br> (Sold goods to Vishal) |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bills Receivable A/c <br> To Vishal's A/c <br> (Received Vishal's acceptance) Dr. |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Mar. 04 | Vishal's A/c Dr. To Bills Receivable A/c (Vishal dishonoured his acceptance) |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |

(ii) When the bill was discounted by shieba

| Books of Shieba |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Vishal's A/c Dr. <br> To Sales A/c  <br> (Sold goods to Vishal)  |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bills Receivable A/c Dr. <br> To Vishal's A/c  <br> (Received Vishal's acceptance)  |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bank A/c Dr. <br> Discount A/c Dr. <br> $\quad$ To Bills Receivable A/c  <br> (Vishal's Bill dishonoured his  <br> acceptance)  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9,800 \\ 200 \end{array}$ | 10,000 |


| Mar. 04 | Vishal's A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Discounted bill dishonoured by Vishal) | Dr. | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |

(iii) When the bill was endorsed by Shieba to Lal Chand

| Books of Shieba |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Vishal's A/c Dr. <br> To Sales A/c  <br> (Sold goods to Vishal)  |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bills Receivable A/c Dr. <br> To Vishal's A/c  <br> (Received Vishal's acceptance)  |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Lal Chand A/c Dr. To Bills Receivable A/c (Vishal's acceptance endorsed in favour of Lal Chand) |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Mar. 04 | Vishal's A/c Dr To Lal Chand A/c (Endorsed bill dishonoured by Vishal) |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |

Whereas, in the book of Vishal, the following entries will be recorded

| Books of Vishal |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Purchases A/c Dr. <br> To Shieba's A/c  <br> (Purchased good from Shieba)  |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Shieba's A/c <br> To Bills Payable A/c <br> (Accepted Shieba's draft) |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Mar. 04 | Bills Payable A/c Dr. <br> $\quad$ To Shieba's A/c  <br> (Acceptance in favour of shieba  <br> dishonoured)  |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |

## Noting Charges

A bill of exchange should be duly presented for payment on the date of its maturity. The drawee is absolved of his liability if the bill is not duly presented.Proper presentation of the bill means that it should be presented on the date of maturity to the acceptor during business working hours. To establish beyond doubt that the bill was dishonoured, despite its due presentation, it may preferably to be got noted by Notary Public. Noting authenticates the fact of dishonour. For providing this service, a fees is charged by the Notary Public which is called noting charges.

The following facts are generally noted by the Notary:

- Date, fact and reasons of dishonour;
- If the bill is not expressly dishonoured, the reasons may be staled;
- The amount of noting charges.

The entries recorded for noting charges in the drawers book are as follows:

When Drawer himself pays
Drawee's A/c Dr.
To Cash A/c
Where endorsee pays
Drawee's A/c
Dr.
To Endorsee A/c
When the bank pays on discounted bill
Drawee's A/c
Dr.
To Bank A/c
When the bank pays in the event of sending the bill for collection to the bank
Drawee's A/c
Dr.
To Bank A/c

It may be noticed that whosoever pays the noting charges, ultimately these have to be borne by the drawee. That is why the drawee is invariably debited in the drawer's books. This is because he is responsible for the dishonour of the bill and, hence, he has to bear these expenses. For recording the noting charges in his book the drawee opens Noting Charges Acccount. He debits the Noting Charges Account and credits the Drawer’s Account. For example, Azad sold goods for Rs. 15,000 to Bunty and immediately drew a bill upon him on January 01, 2017 payable after 3 months. On maturity the bill was dishonoured and Rs. 50 were paid by the holder of the bill as noting charges. The journal entries will be recorded in the books of Azad and Bunty as given below under the following circumstances:
(a) When the bill was kept by Azad till maturity.
(b) When the bill was discounted by Azad with his bank immediately @ 12\% p.a.
(c) When the bill was endorsed by Azad in favour of his creditor Chitra.

In the books of Azad, entries will be recorded as:
(i) When the bill was retained till its maturity

| Books of Azad |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Bunty's A/c <br> To Sales A/c <br> (Sold goods to Bunty) |  | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bills Receivable A/c Dr. <br> To Bunty's A/c  <br> (Received Bunty's acceptance)  |  | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Apr. 04 | Bunty's A/c Dr. <br> To Bills Receivable A/c Dr. <br> To Cash A/c  <br> (Bunty dishonoured his acceptance and <br> paid Rs. 50 as noting charges)  |  | 15,050 | $\begin{array}{r} 15,000 \\ 50 \end{array}$ |

(ii) When the bill was discounted with the bank.

## Books of Azad

Journal

| $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan. 01 | Bunty's A/c <br> To Sales A/c <br> (Sold goods to Bunty) |  | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bills Receivable A/c Dr. $\quad$ To Bunty's A/c (Received Bunty's acceptance payable after three months) |  | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bank A/c Dr. <br> Discount A/c Dr. <br> To Bills Receivable A/c  <br> (Bunty's acceptance discounted)  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 14,550 \\ 450 \end{array}$ | 15,000 |
| Apr. 04 | Bunty's A/c Dr. $\quad$ To Bank A/c (Bunty dishonoured his acceptance on maturity and bank paid noting charges) |  | 15,050 | 15,050 |

(iii) When the bill was endorsed to Chitra

| Books of Azad |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Bunty's A/c <br> To Sales A/c <br> (Sold goods to Bunty) |  | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bills Receivable A/c <br> To Bunty's A/c <br> (Received Bunty's acceptance) |  | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Chitra's A/c Dr. To Bills Receivable A/c (Bunty's acceptance endorsed in favour of Chitra) |  | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Apr. 04 | Bunty's A/c <br> To Chitra's A/c <br> (Bunty dishonoured his acceptance on maturity and chitra paid Rs. 50 as noting charges) |  | 15,050 | 15,050 |

The following journal entries will be made in the books of Bunty in all the three cases.

| Books of Azad |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Date } \\ & 2017 \end{aligned}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Purchases A/c Dr. <br> To Azad's A/c  <br> (Purchase goods from Azad)  |  | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Azad's A/c Dr. <br> To Bills Payable A/c  <br> (Accepted Azad's draft)  |  | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Apr. 04 | Bills Payable A/c Dr. <br> Noting charges A/c Dr. <br> To Azad's A/c  <br> (Acceptance in favour of Azed  <br> dishonoured)  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 15,000 \\ 50 \end{array}$ | 15,050 |

## Renewal of the Bill

Sometimes, the acceptor of the bill foresees that it may be difficult to meet the obligation of the bill on maturity and may, therefore, approach the drawer with the request for extension of time for payment. If it is so, the old bill is cancelled and the fresh bill with new terms of payment is drawn and duly accepted and delivered. This is called renewal of the bill. Since the cancellation of bill is mutually agreed upon noting of the bill is not required.

The journal entries recorded in case of renewal are given below:

| Transaction | Books of Drawer | Books of Drawee |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Cancellation of old bill | Drawee's A/c <br> To Bills Receivable A/c | Dr. <br> Bills Payable A/c Dr. <br> To Drawer's A/c |  |
| Interest | Drawee's A/c <br> To Interest A/c | Dr. | Interest A/c Dr |
| To Drawer's A/c |  |  |  |

On February 01, 2015 Ravi sold goods to Mohan for Rs.18, 000; Rs. 3,000 were paid by Mohan immediately and for the balance he accepted three months bill drawn upon him by Ravi. On the date of maturity of the bill Mohan requested Ravi to cancel the old bill and a new bill upon him for a period of 2 months. He further agreed to pay interest in cash to Ravi @ 12\% p.a. Ravi agreed to Mohan's request and cancelled the old bill and drew a new bill. The new bill was met on maturity by Mohan. In this case, the following entries will be recorded in the books of Ravi and Mohan.

| Books of Ravi |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Feb. 01 | Mohan's A/c Dr. <br> To Sales A/c  <br> (Sold goods to Mohan)  |  | 18,000 | 18,000 |
| Feb. 01 | Cash A/c Dr. <br> Bills Receivable A/c Dr. <br> To Mohan's A/c  <br> (Received Rs. 3,000 in cash from Ravi  <br> and an acceptance for the balance)  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,000 \\ 15,000 \end{array}$ | 18,000 |
| May 01 | Mohan's Account <br> To Bills Receivable A/c <br> To Interest A/c <br> (Cancelled old bill on renewal Rs. 300 as <br> interest) |  | 15,300 | $\begin{array}{r} 15,000 \\ 300 \end{array}$ |
| May 04 | Bills Receivable A/c Dr. <br> Cash A/c Dr. <br> To Mohan's A/c  <br> (Received new acceptance from Mohan)  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 15,000 \\ 300 \end{array}$ | 15,300 |
| Jul. 07 | Bank A/c Dr. <br> To Bills Receivable A/c  <br> (Mohan met his new acceptance)  |  | 15,000 | 15,000 |


| Books of Mohan |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \end{array}$ | Particulars |  | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Feb. 01 | Purchases A/c To Ravi A/c | Dr. |  | 18,000 | 18,000 |



## Retiring of the Bill

There are instances when a bill of exchange is arranged to be retired before the due date by mutual understanding between the drawer and the drawee. This happens when the drawee of the bill has funds at his disposal and makes a request to the drawer or holder to accept the payment of the bill before its maturity. If the holder agrees to do so, the bill is said to have been retired.

The following journal entries are recorded

On retiring the acceptance and rebate allowed
Cash A/c
Dr.

Rebate on bills A/c
Dr.
To Bills Receivables A/c

In the books of the drawee
Bills Payable A/c
Dr.

To Cash A/c
Dr.
To Rebate on Bills A/c
Amit sold goods Rs. 10,000 to Babli on Jan. 01, 2017 and immediately drew a bill on Babli for three month for the same amount, Babli accepted the bill and returned it to Amit. On March 04, 2017 Babli retired her acceptance under rebate of $6 \%$ per annum.

| Books of Azad |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Date } \\ & 2017 \end{aligned}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Babli’s A/c Dr. <br> To Sales A/c  <br> (Sold goods to Babli)  |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Bills Receivable A/c Dr. $\quad$ To Babli's A/c (Received Babli's acceptance for three months) |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Mar. 04 | Bank A/c Dr. <br> Rebate on bills A/c Dr. <br> To Bills Receivable A/c  <br> (Babli retired her acceptance and rebate  <br> allowed to him)  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9,950 \\ 50 \end{array}$ | 10,000 |

The recorded entries will be posted to the following ledger acounts

## Babli's Account

| Dr. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Cr. |

Bill Receivable Account
Dr.
Cr.

| Date | Particulars | J.F. | Amount Date | Particulars | J.F. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  |  | (Rs.) |  |  | (Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2017 |  |  | 2017 |  |  |
| Jan. 01 | Babli |  | Mar. 04 | Cash | 9,950 |
|  |  | 10,000 |  | Rebate on bill | 50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 10,000 |  |  | 10,000 |


| Books of Babli |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Date } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (Rs.) | Credit Amount (Rs.) |
| Jan. 01 | Purchases A/c Dr. <br> To Amit A/c  <br> (Purchased goods from Amit)  |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Jan. 01 | Amit's A/c <br> To Bills Payable A/c <br> (Accepted Amit's draft payable after <br> three months) |  | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Mar. 04 | Bill Payable A/c Dr. <br> To Cash A/c <br> To Rebate on bills A/c <br> (Acceptance in favour of Amit retired <br> and rebate received) |  | 10,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 9,950 \\ 50 \end{array}$ |

## Amit's Account

Dr.

| Date | Particulars | J.F. | Amount <br> (Rs.) | Date | Particulars | J.F. | Amount <br> (Rs.) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 2017 <br> Jan. 01 | Bills Payable |  | 2017 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Bills Payable Account
Dr.
Cr.

| Date | Particulars | J.F. | Amount <br> (Rs.) | Date | Particulars | J.F. | Amount <br> (Rs.) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |


| $\begin{array}{\|l} 2017 \\ \text { Jan. } 01 \end{array}$ | Cash  <br> Rebate on <br> bills  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9,950 \\ 50 \\ \hline 10,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2017 \\ & \text { Jan. } 06 \end{aligned}$ | Amit | 10,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 10,000 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Summary

1) Bill of exchange as an Instrument: A bill of exchange is a device by which the purchaser or debtor in a credit transaction is not required to make immediate payment but satisfies the seller or creditor by accepting in writing the liability to pay the amount due from him.
2) Bill of Exchange and Promissory Note: A bill of exchange is an acknowledgement of debt given by one person to another, incorporating all the terms and conditions of payments. A promissory note is an undertaking in writing given by the debtor to the creditor to pay the latter a certain sum of money in accordance with the conditions stated therein.
